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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/939,535 08/24/2001		Lori Tassone Holmes	KCC-16,221	2474	
35844	7590 09/08/2005	EXAM	EXAMINER		
	ETERSEN & ERICKSON	STEPHENS, JA	STEPHENS, JACQUELINE F		
	IIGGINS ROAD STATES, IL 60195		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		3761		
		DATE MAIL ED: 09/08/2004	DATE MAIL ED: 09/08/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/939,53	5	HOLMES ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
	·		F. Stephens	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streeply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no ever reply within the statution will apply and will attention to the application.	nt, however, may a reply be time tory minimum of thirty (30) day: expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	<i>γ.</i> ommunication.			
Status								
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	8 Februarv 200	5.					
•	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims				•			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	 4)							
Applicat	ion Papers							
10)	The specification is objected to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b)[the drawing(s) b rrection is require	e held in abeyance. Se ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 Cl				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
2) Noti 3) Info	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE er No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:		O-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 6/16/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., an upper layer having an entire bottom surface area that is greater than an entire surface area of a top surface of a lower layer) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). The claims do not specifically recite 'surface area'.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 43 and 65 are persuasive.

Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the lower layer comprising a plurality of separate pieces must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate

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prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 26, 57-58, 60-63, and 68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Everett et al. WO 99/17695.

As to claim 26, Everett discloses an absorbent material comprising: an upper layer 48 including pulp fluff and superabsorbent material and a lower layer 50 including pulp fluff and superabsorbent material (page 20, line 26 through page 21, line 24);

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wherein the absorbent material has a thickness in a range of between 0.5 and 7.5 mm (page 13, lines 9-12), and an absorbent capacity between about 14 and 40 grams 0.9 w/v% saline solution per gram of absorbent material (page 23, lines 11-19), and the lower layer has a greater density than the upper layer (page 21, lines 10-24; page 78, line 6-9 and page 80, lines 3-5. Everett discloses the upper layer comprises between 20 and 75wt%, which includes a component of the range of between 10 and 80% superabsorbent (page 78, lines 15-16). As to the limitation of the upper layer comprising a bottom surface encompassing an entire surface of the upper layer that faces the lower layer, the examiner interprets this limitation as the bottom surface of the upper layer includes the entire surface of the upper layer that faces the lower layer, which is inherent in Everett. Additionally, the examiner interprets the lower layer having a top surface encompassing an entire surface of the lower layer that faces the bottom surface of the upper layer to mean the lower layer has a top surface that includes the entire top surface that faces the upper layer, which is also inherent in Everett. As to the limitations of the upper layer being drum -formed and the lower layer being air laid, these limitations are directed to a process of making the article. "Even though productby-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted). MPEP 2113.

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The upper layer 48 comprises a bottom surface facing the lower layer 50 (Figure 1). Applicant has not defined the surface area relative to the claims. Giving the broadest reasonable interpretation, the examiner considers any portion of the bottom surface of the upper layer as a surface area, which can be larger than any portion of the

As to claim 57, Everett discloses an upper layer of density 0.03 gcm³ - .4 g/cm³ (page 78, lines 7-8). Everett discloses the lower layer has a density of not less than about 0.1g/cm³ and not more than about 0.3 g/cm³ (page 80, lines 3-4).

top surface of the lower layer, thereby meeting the claim limitations.

As to claim 58, Everett discloses the upper layer comprises between 20 and 75wt%, which includes the range of between 20 and 70% superabsorbent (page 78, lines 15-16).

As to claim 60; see page 13, lines 9-12.

As to claim 61, Everett discloses the absorbent material has an absorbent capacity of at least 16 grams w/v% saline solution per gram of absorbent material (page 23, lines 11-19).

As to claim 62, Everett discloses two or more layers (page 25, lines 34-35.

As to claims 63, Everett discloses a plurality of layers on the upper layer (page

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79, claim 12).

As to claim 68, Everett discloses various forms of the absorbent article, see page 6, lines 16-25 directed toward an intended use of the article.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 7. Claims 43, 65, 69-70, 72-77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Everett in view of Osborn, III.

As to claims 43 and 65, Everett discloses an absorbent garment comprising: a

chassis defining a waist opening and first and second leg openings: the chassis including a liquid-permeable body side liner, an absorbent assembly, and a substantially liquid-impermeable outer cover layer (page 15, lines 9-18). Everett discloses an absorbent material comprising: an upper layer 48 including pulp fluff and superabsorbent material and a lower layer 50 including pulp fluff and superabsorbent material (page 20, line 26 through page 21, line 24); wherein the absorbent material has a thickness in a range of between 0.5 and 7.5 mm (page 13, lines 9-12), and an absorbent capacity between about 14 and 40 grams w/v% saline solution per gram of absorbent material (page 23, lines 11-19), and the lower layer has a greater density than the upper layer (page 21, lines 10-24; page 78, line 6-9 and page 80, lines 3-5). The limitations of the upper layer being drum -formed and the lower layer being air laid are directed to a process of making the article. "Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted). MPEP 2113.

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Everett does not disclose the lower layer comprises a plurality of separate pieces placed in desired location of the absorbent assembly. Osborn discloses an absorbent product with a segmented absorbent core for the benefit of providing independent segments each able to move in the Z-direction without constraints and takes into

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of the of the finance is considerated

account the front-to-back differences in the shape of the body of the wearer and thus allows a more accurate and comfortable fit (Osborn, Abstract and col. 2, lines 13-20). One of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated by the teachings of Osborn to modify the lower layer to have a segmented core for the benefits taught in Osborn.

As to claim 69, Everett discloses an upper layer of density 0.03 gcm³ - .4 g/cm³ (page 78, lines 7-8). Everett discloses the lower layer has a density of not less than about 0.1g/cm³ and not more than about 0.3 g/cm³ (page 80, lines 3-4).

As to claim 70, Everett discloses the upper layer comprises between 20 and 75wt%, which includes the range of between 20 and 70% superabsorbent (page 78, lines 15-16). Everett discloses the upper layer comprises between 20 and 75wt%, which includes a component of the range of between 10 and 80% superabsorbent (page 78, lines 15-16).

As to claim 72, see page 13, lines 9-12.

As to claim 73, Everett discloses the absorbent material has an absorbent capacity of at least 16 grams 0.9 w/v% saline solution per gram of absorbent material (page 23, lines 11-19).

As to claim 74, Everett discloses two or more layers (page 25, lines 34-35.

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As to claims 75 and 76, the limitations of the upper layer being drum -formed and the lower layer being air laid are directed to a process of making the article. "Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted). MPEP 2113.

As to claims 77, Everett discloses a plurality of layers on the upper layer (page 79, claim 12).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacqueline F. Stephens whose telephone number is (571) 272-4937. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tanya Zalukaeva can be reached on (571) 272-1115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jacqueline F Stephens

Examiner Art Unit 3761

September 6, 2005